Cou	1 PLACE OF DEATH	MISSOURI STATE BOARD OF HEALTH BUREAU OF VITAL STATISTICS CERTIFICATE OF DEATH
		3/ 21242
or	nship Registration Distri	on District No. 4011 Registered No.
Villa or	Primary Registrati	on District No. Registered No.
City	/WYOUJ (NO	St.; Ward) Ilf death occurred in 2 hospital or institution.
	2FULL NAME Lydia a.	Walker give its NAME instead of street and number.]
-	PERSONAL AND STATISTICAL PARTICULARS	MEDICAL CERTIFICATE OF DEATH
3 SEX	Male While (Write the word)	16 DATE OF DEATH Month) (Day) 191 Year)
6 DATE OF BIRTH		17 (), I HEREBY CERTIFY, that I attended deceased from
	march 12,829	June 1917 to June 30 1917.
7 AGE	(Month) (Day) (Year) If LESS than	that I last saw har alive on fure 30, 191
/ AGE	7 7 9 1 day,hrs.	and that death occurred, on the date stated above, at
D. D. yrs. O mos. L. ds. ormin.?		The CAUSE OF DEATH* was as follows:
8 OCCUPATION (a) Trade, profession, or particular kind of work (b) Trade, profession, or particular kind of work		Senality
particular kind of work (b) General nature of industry		
business or establishment in which employed (or employer)		162
9 BIRTHPLACE (City or town, State or foreign country) MUSSISIPAL		(Duration)
_	10 NAME OF John Turrell	(Secondary) (Duration)
e L	11 BIRTHPLACE ON ashington U.C., (City or town, State or foreign country)	(Bigned) N. H. Holer M. D. (Address) Puroly me,
PARENTS	12 MAIDEN NAME Lucinida Fristore	*State the Disease Causing Death, or, in deaths from Violent Causes, state (1) Means of Injury; and (2) whether Accidental, Suicidal or Homicidal.
ĺ	13 BIRTHPLACE OF MOTHER	18 LENGTH OF RESIDENCE (For Hospitals, Institutions, Transients, or Recent Residents)
	(City or town, State or foreign country) // U C / WWWW	At place In the of deathyrsmosds. Stateyrsmosds.
14 THE ABOVE IS TRUE TO THE BEST OF MY KNOWLEDGE		Where was disease contracted if not at place of death?
(Informant) JUVIUU WILLIAM		Former or usual residence.
(Address) Turroly his,		19-PLACE OF BURIAL OR REMOVAL DATE OF BURIAL
15		Privay Ceru. July 1 1917
Fil	ed Duy 10, 1917, (1), Cerus res	H. Rain Privaly he

Revised United States Standard Certificate of Death

[Approved by U. S. Census and American Public Health Association]

Statement of occupation.—Precise statement of occupation is very important, so that the relative healthfulness of various pursuits can be known. The question applies to each and every person, irrespective of age. For many occupations a single word or term on the first line will be sufficient, e. g., Farmer or Planter, Physician. Compositor, Architect, Locomotive engineer, Civil engineer, Stationary fireman, etc. But in many cases, especially in industrial employments, it is necessary to know (a) the kind of work and also (b) the nature of the business or industry, and therefore an additional line is provided for the latter statement; it should be used only when needed. As examples: (a) Spinner, (b) Cotton mill; (a) Salesman. (b) Grocery; (a) Foreman, (b) Automobile factory. The material worked on may form part of the second statement. Never return "Laborer," "Foreman," "Manager." "Dealer," etc., without more precise specification, as Day laborer, Farm laborer, Laborer-Coal mine, etc. Women at home, who are engaged in the duties of the household only (not paid Housekeepers who receive a definite salary). may be entered as Housewife, Housework, or At home, and children, not gainfully employed, as At school or At home. Care should be taken to report specifically the occupations of persons engaged in domestic service for wages, as Servant, Cook, Housemaid, etc. If the occupation has been changed or given up on account of the DISEASE CAUSING DEATH, state occupation at beginning of illness. If retired from business, that fact may be indicated thus: Farmer (retired, 6 yrs.) For persons who have no occupation whatever, write None.

use of "Tumor" for malignant neoplasms); Measles; Whooping cough; Chronic valvular heart disease; Chronic interstitial nephritis, etc. The contributory (secondary or intercurrent) affection need not be stated unless important. Example: Measles (disease causing death). 29 ds.; Bronchopneumonia (secondary), 10 ds. Never report mere symptoms or terminal conditions, such as "Asthenia," "Anaemia" (merely symptomatic), "Atrophy," "Collapse," "Coma," "Convulsions," "Debility" ("Congenital," "Senile," etc.), "Dropsy," "Exhaustion," "Heart failure," "Haemorrhage," "Inanition," "Marasmus," "Old age," "Shock," "Uraemia," "Weakness," etc., when a definite disease can be ascertained as the cause. Always qualify all diseases resulting from childbirth or miscarriage, as "Puerperal septichaemia," "Puerperal peritonitis," etc. State cause for which surgical operation was undertaken. For VIOLENT DEATHS state MEANS OF INJURY and qualify as ACCIDENTAL, SUICIDAL, OR HOMI-CIDAL, or as probably such, if impossible to determine definitely. Examples: Accidental drowning; Struck by railway train-accident; Revolver wound of head-homicide; Poisoned by carbolic acid-probably suicide. The nature of the injury, as fracture of skull, and consequences (e.g., sepsis, tetanus) may be stated under the head of "Contributory." (Recommendations on statement of cause of death approved by Committee on Nomenclature of the American Medical Association.)

County REGISTRARS A FEE FOR CERTIF	MISSOURI STATE BOARD OF HEALTH SHALL NOT RECEIVE ICATES UNTIL THEY AS PRESCRIBED BY CERTIFICATE OF DEATH		
	ration District No.		
City Tundy (NO St.:) Ward) [If death occurred in a hospital or institution, give its NAME instead of street and number.]			
PERSONAL AND STATISTICAL PARTICULARS	MEDICAL CEBAIFICATE OF DEATH		
3 SEX 4 COLOR OR RACE MARRIED WIDOWED OF DIVORCED (Write the word)	16 DATE OF DEATH (Month) (Day) (191 (Yau)		
6 DATE OF BIRTS (Month) (Day) (Year	17C I HERESY CERTIFY, that I attended deceased from		
7 AGE If LESS to 1 day	the like saw h		
8 OCCUPATION (a) Trade, profession, or particular kind of work	The CAUSE OF DEATH was as sollows:		
(b) General nature of industry business, or establishment in which employed (or employer)	154		
(City or town, State or foreign country)	(Duration) yrs mos ds.		
1 10 NAME OF TATHER	CONTRIBUTORY (Secondary) (Duration) yrs. mos. ds.		
9 11 BIRTHPLACE OF FATHER (City or town, State or foreign countr) 12 MAIDEN, NAME OF MOTHER	(Signed) M. H. Horring M. B. B. Address Puray his		
12 MAIDEN NAME OF MOTHER	*State the Disease Causing Death, or, in deaths from Violent Causes, state (1) Means of Injury; and (2) whether Accidental, Suicidal or Homicidal		
13 BIRTHPLACE'S OF MOTHER (City or town, State or foreign country)	18 LENGTH OF RESIDENCE (For Hospitals, Institutions, Transients, or Recent Residents) At place. In the		
14 THE ABOVE IS TRUE TO THE BEST OF MY KNOWLEDGE	of death Gayrs mos ds. State yrs mos ds. Where was disease contracted if not at place of death?		
(Informant)	19 PLACE OF BURIAL OR REMOVAL DATE OF BURIAL		
Filed aug 10 1917 a fillering 2	20 UNDERTAKER SADDRESS		
Original file, date			

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Statement of cause of death—Name, first, the DISEASE CAUSING DEATH (the primary affection with respect to time and causation), using always the same accepted term for the same disease. Examples: Cerebrospinal fever (the only definite synonym is "Epidemic cerebrospinal meningitis"); Diphtheria (avoid use of "Croup"); Typhoid fever (never report "Typhoid pneumonia"); Lobar pneumonia; Bronchopneumonia ("Pneumonia," unqualified, is indefinite);

Tuberculosis of lungs, meninges, peritonaeum, etc., Carcinoma, Sarcoma, etc. of (name origin; "Cancer" is less definite; avoid use of "Tumor" for malignant neoplasms); Measles; Whooping cough: Chronic valvular heart disease; Chronic interstitial nephritis, etc. The contributory (secondary or intercurrent) affection need not be stated unless important. Example: Measles (disease causing death), 29ds.: Bronchopneumonia (secondary), 10 ds. Never report mere symptoms or terminal conditions, such as "Asthenia," "Anaemia" (merely symptomatic), "Atrophy," "Collapse," "Coma," "Convulsions." "Debility" ("Congenital," "Senile," etc.), "Dropsy," "Exhaustion." "Heart failure," "Haemorrhage," - "Inanition," "Marasmus," "Old age," "Shock," "Uraemia," "Weakness," etc., when a definite disease can be ascertained as the cause. Always qualify all diseases resulting from childbirth or miscarriage, as "Puerperal septichaemia," "Puerperal peritonitis," etc. State cause for which surgical operation was undertaken. For violent deaths state means of injury and qualify as accidental, suicidal or HOMICIDAL, or as probably such, if impossible to determine definitely. Examples: Accidental drowning: Struck by railway train—accident; Revolver wound of head—homicide; Poisoned by carbolic acid—probably suicide. The nature of the injury, as fracture of skull, and consequences (e. g., sepsis, tetanus) may be stated under the head of "Contributory." (Recommendations on statement of cause of death approved by Committee on Nomenclature of the American Medical Association.)